

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/938,756	08/24/2001	Wolfgang Rohde	9086*172(775/60)	4104	
23416 7	590 03/24/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
CONNOLLY BOVE LODGE & HUTZ, LLP P O BOX 2207			MCDOWELL, SUZANNE E		
	N, DE 19899		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,		1732		
			DATE MAILED: 03/24/2004	DATE MAILED: 03/24/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			JH			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/938,756	ROHDE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Suzanne E. McDowell	1732				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	_•					
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	ice except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the	merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	33 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-3 and 9-13 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 4-8 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	vn from consideration.	,				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PT	O-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of 	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National \$	Stage			
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary ((PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Dat 5) Notice of Informal Pa		-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/18/02.	6) Other:	Activity phoduoti (i 10	102)			

Office Action Summary

Application/Control Number: 09/938,756

Art Unit: 1732

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- A broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is considered indefinite, since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. Note the explanation given by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences in *Ex parte Wu*, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "such as" and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of *Ex parte Steigewald*, 131 USPQ 74 (Bd. App. 1961); *Ex parte Hall*, 83 USPQ 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and *Ex parte Hasche*, 86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claim 10 recites the broad recitation two or more layers, and the claim also recites preferably base layer, regrind layer, adhesion-promoter layer, and/or barrier layer which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 09/938,756 Page 3

Art Unit: 1732

Claims 1-3, 9, 12, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kasugai (US Patent 4,952,347). Kasugai teaches the basic method of forming a fuel tank as follows: extruding a parison (58) from synthetic resin such as polyethylene, polyamide, etc (column 3, lines 37-40), which may be two sheets (38); arranging the parison around an insert member (7); and forming the parison into a fuel tank with the insert bonded thereto (column 4, line 62-column 5 line 45), wherein the fuel tank is welded together and wherein the insert allows for the attachment of valves (12), gauges (13), etc.

Regarding claim 1, Kasugai does not teach that the parison is extruded and cut. It is generally well known in the art to extrude and cut a parison to form a two-sheet parison. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use generally well known extrusion techniques in order to form the parison described by Kasugai in an efficient manner.

6. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kasugai as applied to claims 1-3, 9, 12, and 13 above, and further in view of Jacobson et al. (US Patent 5,129,544). Kasugai teaches the basic method claimed as discussed above. Kasugai does not teach that the parison has two or more layers. Jacobson et al. teaches a fuel tank with a multilayer structure. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the structure taught by Jacobson et al to modify the method taught by Kasugai in order to form a strong and leak-proof fuel tank.

Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 4-8 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Schaftingen et al. (US 2001/0015513 A1).

Application/Control Number: 09/938,756

Art Unit: 1732

Page 4

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Suzanne E. McDowell whose telephone number is (571) 272-1205. The examiner can normally be reached on M, W, Th 6:30-4.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael P. Colaianni can be reached on (571) 272-1196. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SEM March 22, 2004

SUZANNE E. MCDOWELL
PRIMERY EXAMINER